

REFUNDING BILL DECIDED TODAY

Washington, Jan. 27.—Agreement to press the allied debt refunding bill to a vote tomorrow even if that makes necessary a night session of the senate was reached late today by Republican and Democratic leaders. It came after five hours of debate, much of which was on extraneous

Opposing the proposed grant of authority to the debt commission, headed by Secretary Mellon, to extend the time of interest payments at its discretion, Senator Reed (Democrat) of Missouri declared that he had no doubt there was "an inside to

Senator Simmons (Democrat) of North Carolina suggested and Senator Reed agreed that the deferment of interest payments on the foreign debt would enable "the private holders" in this country of \$5,000,000,000 of the bonds of the allied nations to realize on their investment ahead of

Senator Reed also declared that if the commission could defer interest payments for ten years, as he said one senator had suggested might be done in the case of some countries, there could be a cancellation of the whole debt as the accumulated interest for ten or 12 years would about equal the present principal of the debt.

The Missouri senator said that because of "the environment" in which Secretary Mellon had lived, Mr. Mellon would be the "last man save one in this country" to whom he would grant the authority proposed. The one exception, he added, was "Morgan himself," explaining that J. P. Morgan & Co. had been the financial agents in the United States of the allied nations during the war.

In this connection, Senator Reed read to the senate the names of various banks, trust companies and corporations in which he said Mellon was interested, including the aluminum company of America which the speaker described as "an absolute monopoly." He added that

These banks and trust companies were closely affiliated with the Morgan and allied banks which floated great loans for the allies in this country before war was declared on Germany.

Good Game in Spartanburg

The boys and girls of Hendersonville were scheduld to play the Hastoe teams yesterday in Spartanburg. The girls showed up but reported that the boys could not make the trip. Prof. Shockley had advertised

a double header and was expecting a good crowd. He called Union at 12 o'clock, and out team was on the floor in Spartanburg at 5 o'clock, the hour for the game. The Union boys put up a good fight but not having an indoor court to practice on, they were at a disadvantage on the slick

The Union line-up was as follows:
Forwards—Humphries and Gibson.
Guards—Vaughan and Coleman.
Center—Berry.
Substitutes—Parker for Humphries.

Field goals—Berry, 2; Gibson, 1.
Vaughan, 1.
Free throws—Vaughan, 3.
Referee—Vogle.

January 31 is the last day on which wild ducks and geese, coots, gallinules and Wilson snipe or jacksnipe may be hunted anywhere in the United States.

under the Federal law which prescribes seasons on migratory game birds. This law, which is administered by the Bureau of Biological Survey of the United States Department of Agriculture, provides, however, that

the carcasses of birds killed during the open season may be possessed for an additional period of 10 days following the end of the season if state or local laws do not prohibit it. The possession of carcasses of wild ducks

geese and other migratory game birds in cold storage plants after February 10 renders the owners subject to prosecution in the Federal courts.

Cotton Ginned in

Union County
Washington, Jan. 24, 1922.
Orus T. Belue,
Union, S. C.
Dear Sir:

The tabulation of the card reports shows telegraph summary to be correct. There were 17,586 bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, ginned in Union county, from the crop of 1921 prior to January 16, 1922, as follows:

Very respectfully,
W. M. Stewart,
Director.

Corsets were designed in the 16th century